The Court and Correctional System

OF THE

State of Pennsylvania



DIRECTORY OF

JUDGES, PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICERS,
PENAL OFFICIALS, STATE DEPARTMENTS AND
STATE-WIDE AGENCIES WITH DELINQUENCY PROGRAMS,
AND INSTITUTIONS FOR CUSTODIAL AND
PROTECTIVE CARE

PUBLISHED BY
PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE

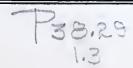
IN COLLABORATION WITH

PENNSYLVANIA COMMITTEE ON PENAL AFFAIRS OF THE

PUBLIC CHARITIES ASSOCIATION

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FOREWORD

This third edition of the Court and Correctional System of the State of Pennsylvania, prepared and published under the auspices of the Department of Welfare, is presented to the citizens of the State with the hope that it may be of assistance to those who in public or private service deal with offenders against the laws of Pennsylvania. or with children and adults needing the protection and care of the State.

The pamphlet is presented in Two Sections: (1) a description of the organization and functions of the courts and of the penal and correctional system of the State of Pennsylvania (Part One); and (2) a directory or guide to the resources, State and county, for the correction and treatment of offenders both adults and children (Part Two).

The first edition, published in May. 1927, was based on a State-wide study of court and penal procedure made by the Pennsylvania Committee on Penal Affairs. It was revised and reprinted in 1930 by the Pennsylvania Committee on Penal Affairs of the Public Charities Association.

At the request of the Department of Welfare, the present edition has been compiled by the Committee with the cooperation of judges, probation officers, parole officers, penal officials, institutional heads, and officials of the Department of Welfare.

> alice F. Livinghi-Secretary of Welfare.

PART I

THE COURT AND CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM OF PENNSYLVANIA

LEON STERN

I. The Courts of Pennsylvania

The Courts of Common Pleas, the Courts of Quarter Sessions, and the Courts of Oyer and Terminer of the 67 counties of Pennsylvania are grouped into 58 Judicial Districts, with a president judge in each district.

Of these 58 Judicial Districts, 50 consist of one county each; 7 consist of two counties each; and 1 consists of three counties each. Counties which are grouped into Judicial Districts comprising two or three counties because of the smallness of the population have only one judge presiding over the courts of the district. (See p. 29).

There are 137 judges in all presiding over the criminal courts of the State. In each of the judicial districts the same judge, or judges, hear and dispose of cases in the Courts of Common Pleas, the Courts of Quarter Sessions and the Courts of Over and Terminer. There are in addition 21 Orphans' Court judges.

- 1. Courts of record having civil jurisdiction only.
- (a) Courts of Common Pleas. These courts, provided for in the Constitution of Pennsylvania, are for the trial of civil cases only and have no criminal jurisdiction.
- (b) Orphans' Courts. The Orphans' Courts deal with estates and adoptions and have no criminal jurisdiction. Orphans' Courts are mandatory in counties of 150,000 population or over and permissive in other counties.
- 2. Courts of record having criminal jurisdiction.
- (a) Courts of Quarter Sessions and Courts of Oyer and Terminer. The courts of record having original jurisdiction in criminal cases and which are provided for in the Constitution of Pennsylvania, are the Courts of Quarter Sessions and the Courts of Oyer and Terminer. Crimes are tried in both of these courts, but the graver crimes are tried in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer.
- 3. Specially created courts.

There are in addition two specially created courts, established by legislative enactment. The Municipal Court of Philadelphia has exclusive jurisdiction in juvenile cases, domestic relations cases, in cases of women arrested for disorderly street-walking, and over children between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one. It also has concurrent jurisdiction with the Courts of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County in cases of misdemeanors and certain crimes. The County

¹Act of July 12, 1913, P. L. 711.

Court of Allegheny County² has exclusive jurisdiction in non-support cases. A separate court, the Juvenile Court of Allegheny County, with exclusive jurisdiction in children's cases, was created at the 1933 session of the legislature.³

- 4. Special sessions or hearings.
- (a) Juvenile sessions or hearings. The Juvenile Courts of Pennsylvania are merely divisions of the Courts of Quarter Sessions in all counties except in Allegheny and Philadelphia Counties.
- (b) Non-support sessions or hearings are held in the Courts of Quarter Sessions except in Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties, where these cases are heard in the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and in the County Court of Allegheny County.
- 5. Courts not of record with lay judges and having summary jurisdiction in criminal cases.

The Constitution of Pennsylvania also provides for justice of the peace courts, called magistrates' courts in Philadelphia, and aldermen's courts in other cities. These courts usually have lay judges and are not courts of record. They have limited authority in summary cases concerning minor misdemeanors and crimes. Proceedings may be initiated in them by information, so that offenders may be held for the Courts of Quarter Sessions, Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and for the Municipal Court of Philadelphia or the County Court of Allegheny County. Appeals from these courts are also taken to the courts of record.

6. Courts of Appeal.

The Courts of Appeal in Pennsylvania are the Superior Court and the Supreme Court. They are courts of appeal or review only and have no *original* criminal jurisdiction.

II. Outline of Court Procedure

Criminal procedure. The steps in criminal procedure after an 1. arrest for a crime or misdemeanor consist of a hearing before a magistrate, justice of the peace or alderman. These officials have certain authority to convict summarily in-cases of petty offenses. Offenders held for court are either released on bond or detained in jail until the time for hearing in criminal court arrives. Offenders are not brought to trial in criminal court unless a prima facie case is made out and the grand jury finds a true bill. The trial, except in cases of petty offenses where summary convictions are permitted by law, is a jury trial. In any case where the defendant pleads guilty or nolo contendere the judge takes action without a jury. In imposing sentence the judge has it within his discretion to send the offender to one of the State prisons, to a reformatory, or to a county penal institution depending on the nature of the offense and statutory provision made for punishment. He may also fine, assess costs, suspend sentence, and substitute probation with supervision for custodial care, or

²Act of May 5, 1911, P. L. 198. ³Act 312, June 3, 1933.

he may release on parole after a period of custodial care. He may also release an individual on probation or parole to pay costs or fine in installments to a probation officer.

- 2. Fornication and bastardy procedure. For this procedure, which is a regular criminal procedure to determine the paternity of an illegitimate child, a grand jury indictment is required, and a jury trial is necessary. The defendant, however, may if he elects, avoid such a proceeding by acknowledging paternity and pleading guilty. If he does so, an order is made by the judge without these formalities. A fine may be imposed, a support order for the child be made, and an order for lying-in expenses of the mother, and funeral expenses of the child, if it dies, be granted after conviction or an acknowledgment of paternity to the court.
- 3. Juvenile procedure. Children arrested for offenses may be brought before a justice of the peace, alderman, or magistrate, but these officials have no authority over children except to dismiss or hold for juvenile court. Preliminary hearings are forbidden; children must be committed to the juvenile court for hearing and disposition. Adults contributing to the delinquency of children are tried in juvenile court except where a jury trial is demanded.

The law requires that children's cases should be heard apart from adult criminal cases. They are usually heard in a separate court room, or in a separate session, or in chambers. There is no jury trial and no indictment by grand jury. The judge makes a decision unaided except by the report of a probation officer, when he has a probation officer to make an investigation. A child is not considered a criminal and therefore is not convicted of a crime. He is simply adjudged delinquent. The judge may discharge the child at the hearing, release the child on probation, send the child to an institution for children, release on a parole after a period of institutional treatment, fine the parents, or at any time discharge the child from the care of the juvenile court or from the custody of any institution.

The judges who hear juvenile cases, in addition to their authority over delinquent children, also have authority over dependent children, incorrigible children and neglected children. These children, as well as those who are accused of delinquency, may be brought into court on petition of a parent, next friend or a citizen. Even in the case of a delinquent, the petition may be made to the juvenile court and a proceeding before a magistrate is not necessary.

4. Non-support procedure. Hearings in cases of family non-support, whether of wives, children, or aged or incapacitated parents, are conducted without a grand jury indictment and are heard without a petit jury. The orders made for support in these cases are collected with the aid of desertion probation officers. The judges hearing these cases have wide powers to modify sentence and may change the order from time to time or punish violators of the order of the court if they fail to obey the conditions of their probation.

In Allegheny County non-support proceedings may be begun before a justice of the peace or alderman, or by direct resort to the court for the trial of such cases, the County Court of Allegheny County; in Phila-

¹Act 311, June 2, 1933.

delphia non-support proceedings *must* be initiated in the Municipal Court; and in counties other than Allegheny and Philadelphia the method provided for initiating proceedings is through the courts of the justices of the peace and aldermen.

III. General Outline of County Penal System

Each county has a court, court house, clerk of Courts of Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer, district attorney, county detective, jail, and a sheriff who in some of the counties acts as jail-keeper; in certain of the counties a warden is the administrative officer in charge of the county prison or jail. Separate criminal court records and dockets are maintained by each county. The judge or judges of any of the district courts may appoint a probation officer or officers for any or each of the counties comprising a judicial district.

IV. General Outline of County Probation and Parole System

1. The administration of probation and parole.

Probation is the conditional release of an adult after conviction, or of a child who has been adjudged delinquent at a juvenile hearing, and is a substitute for commitment to a jail or other penal institution in the case of an adult and a substitute for custodial care in an institution in the case of a child. Parole is the conditional liberation of an adult after a portion of the sentence imposed by the court has been served; and in the case of a child is the provisional release from an institution for delinquent children.

The judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Pennsylvania, sitting as Quarter Sessions judges, or as juvenile court judges, have the power to administer probation, and have the authority to parole from county jails, workhouses, houses of correction, and juvenile institutions.

The judges of the County Court of Allegheny County and of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia also have authority to use probation and to parole from local institutions for the classes of offenders over which they have jurisdiction.

The justice of the peace courts, aldermen's courts, magistrates' courts, do not have power to use probation or parole. Neither the Orphans' Courts, Supreme Court nor the Superior Court has this power.

2. Function of probation officers.

Probation officers attached to the courts supervise men, women and children placed on parole as well as those released on probation by the judges; these probation officers also assist the parole officers of the Pennsylvania Training School, at Morganza, Glen Mills School for Boys, at Glen Mills, Sleighton Farm School for Girls, at Darling, State Industrial Home for Women, at Muncy, and the staff of the State Supervisor of Parole, in supervising parolees in their charge paroled from the State penitentiaries and the Pennsylvania Industrial School, at Huntingdon.

The work of the probation officers appointed by the courts consists

of: (1) making social investigations for the judges to enable them to make wise decisions and to enable the probation officers to make plans for the probationers or parolees placed in their care; and (2) following up and giving social treatment to men, women and children on probation or parole. Social treatment consists of: (a) making individual adjustments that will enable offenders to take their places in normal family and social life; (b) co-ordinating the resources of the community, social, medical, psychiatric or psychological, recreational, employment, so that the proper adjustment of offending individuals may be made.

The social treatment of adults or children under supervision on probation does not differ essentially from the supervision of adults or children on parole.

Probation officers also collect moneys for the county (fines, costs, etc.) and for beneficiaries of support orders, etc.

According to the Juvenile Court Act of 1903, it is the duty of probation officers to take charge of children "before and after trial." A child awaiting hearing, may be allowed to remain at home, be placed in a suitable family home under a duly accredited social agency for the protection of children, or be placed in an institution. It is unlawful to confine children in jails, police stations, etc., with adult convicts.

Houses of detention for children are provided for in cities of the first and second classes;² and in third class counties;³ in other counties, the county commissioners are required to establish detention places for children.⁴

3. Appointment of probation officers.

The judges of the Quarter Sessions Courts have authority to appoint probation officers for children under the Act of 1903 with its supplements, and to appoint probation officers for adults under the probation and parole Acts of 1909 and 1911 with their supplements. Under these last two acts, probation officers for adults may act as parole officers for adults. The judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and of the County Court of Allegheny County also have authority to appoint probation officers for children and adults, under the special acts creating these courts. There is also statutory provision for the use of desertion probation officers in non-support and illegitimacy proceedings in any of these courts.

A judge, however, is not required to appoint probation officers if he does not think it wise or expedient to do so; the number of officers appointed by the judge is also left to his discretion.

There is no statutory maximum or minimum for salaries of probation officers. They are fixed either by City Council, as in Philadelphia, by the Salary Board as in Pittsburgh, or by other fiscal authorities, such as county commissioners, depending on legislation. The

^{1&}quot;No child, pending a hearing under the provisions of this act, shall be held in confinement in any county or other jail, police station, or in any institution to which adult convicts are sentenced." Juvenile Court Act, April 23, 1903, P. L. 274, Section

²Act of July 2, 1901, P. L. 601—1; Act 325, June 3, 1933 (Allegheny Co.). ³Act of May 17, 1921, P. L. 840. ⁴Act of July 21, 1913, P. L. 870.

salaries of probation officers when appointed as salaried officials are paid out of county funds.

Although the salaried probation officers, regularly appointed by a court, usually act as parole officers when called upon to do so, the court at times appoints a specially designated person or official to act as a volunteer probation officer for children or adults paroled by the judges. Some of the courts use these volunteer officers to supervise both men and women on probation or parole, using the paid officers for the children; other courts use volunteer officers for men, with the women and children in charge of the salaried officers. Some of the courts use volunteer officers altogether; some of them use part time officers altogether for all their probationers and parolees.

According to Pennsylvania law, the man or woman to be appointed as volunteer or salaried probation officer must be "a discreet person of respectable character." There are no other requirements and no civil service examination is provided for appointment. The law also stipulates that women probationers must be supervised by women and men probationers must be supervised by men; therefore, men parole officers are generally appointed to supervise men and youths, while women probation officers are appointed to supervise women and older girls.

V. Use of Probation For Offenders

The judges may place adults in charge of a probation officer when they release them on probation, but it is not compulsory to do so. However, there are restrictions as to types of offenders and offenses for which probation may be used. The requirements are, first, that the offender has "never before been imprisoned" for crime either in Pennsylvania or elsewhere, and second, that the court believes "that the character of the defendant and the circumstances of the case are such that he or she is not likely to again engage in an offensive course of conduct."

However, individuals convicted of murder, administering poison, kidnapping, incest, sodomy, buggery, rape, assault and battery with intent to ravish, arson, robbery, or burglary, may not be placed on probation.

Although the act provides for no supervision for individuals placed on probation, progressive county courts have developed the practice of not placing individuals on probation without oversight of a probation officer regularly attached to the court and appointed by the judge.

The use of probation for family problems, such as non-support, and for children is not restricted.

VI. Use of Parole From County and Local Penal Institutions

1. Parole from jails and local institutions. The judges having authority to sentence prisoners to county jails, Philadelphia House of

¹The Pennsylvania laws make no clear-cut distinction between felonies and misdemeanors; a felony is an offense for which the statute relating to it prescribes imprisonment in a State prison. By special legislative enactments, certain of the Jails and county prisons may receive long term prisoners who have committed grave crimes, and who would ordinarily be sent to State penitentiaries. The judges sentencing individuals to these institutions may also parole them at their discretion.

Correction and Allegheny County Workhouse may parole from these institutions. Parole is based mainly on the conduct of the prisoner and not on work or earned credits; there is little or no work to test fitness for parole in most of these institutions.

By the Act of May 11 1923, P. L. 204, judges releasing men and women on parole from county institutions must place them "under the supervision of a designated probation officer."

- 2. Administration of Parole from State Institutions.
 - (a) Granting Parole.

Parole by trustees from State prisons. The paroling of offenders from State prisons is administered by the trustees of these institutions who set-up the standards for the granting of paroles and who make recommendations to the Pardon Board sitting at Harrisburg. All paroles must be approved by the Pardon Board and the Governor.

Parole by trustees from reformatories. The paroling of individuals sentenced to reformatories for young men and young women is in the hands of the trustees of these institutions without reference to the Pardon Board. The paroling of individuals committed to these institutions depends upon credits earned and is based on the response of the individual to the training and education provided by the institution.

(b) Supervision of Parolees.

Parolees from the State penitentiaries and from the Pennsylvania Industrial School at Huntingdon are supervised by parole officers attached to the office of the State Supervisor of Parole. The penitentiaries have parole officers appointed by the Board of Trustees whose task it is to make reports to the trustees as to the advisability of granting parole; these parole officers also keep up contacts with the staff of the State Supervisor of Parole. The State Industrial Home for Women has its own parole officers who supervise women on parole from that institution.

In addition to the supervision by parole officers of parolees from the State penitentiaries and the Pennsylvania Industrial School, they are also supervised in other ways. Sponsors are also used to supervise them and the co-operation of probation officers of various counties is enlisted in the work of supervision.

VII. Board of Pardons

The Board of Pardons is provided for under the Constitution and consists of Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney-General and the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Its functions are: (1) to make recommendations to the Governor concerning applications for pardon; (2) to make recommendations to the Governor concerning paroles recommended by trustees of State penitentiaries; (3) to have jurisdiction over the system of super-

^{&#}x27;Under Act 416 approved May 1, 1929.

vision of prisoners released on parole from Eastern and Western Penitentiaries and Pennsylvania Industrial School.

Note: For method of appointing administrator of parole system see VIII, Department of Justice.

VIII. Department of Justice

The head of the Department of Justice is the Attorney-General, who is also a member of the Board of Pardons.

Its functions are: (1) to furnish legal advice to the Governor, administrative departments, boards, commissions, and offices of the State government; (2) to supervise the legal business of each administrative department, board, and commission of the State government; (3) to collect debts, taxes, and accounts due the Commonwealth; (4) to represent the Commonwealth, its departments, boards, etc., in litigation; (5) to appoint a State supervisor of paroles and field agents to supervise the conduct of paroless from the Eastern and Western Penitentiaries, and the Pennsylvania Industrial School.

Note: The Board of Pardons has jurisdiction over the system of supervision of parolees from State institutions, except the State Industrial Home for Women, see VII, Board of Pardons.

IX. Penal Institutions of Pennsylvania

1. County and local institutions.

Each of the 67 counties of Pennsylvania has a county jail. County jails have a two-fold function: (1) to house prisoners held for hearing, either in the magistrates', justice of the Peace, aldermen's, Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer Courts, or the specially created courts of record; (2) to receive offenders sentenced for a term of imprisonment. A number of county prisons and the Allegheny County Workhouse receive long term prisoners who have committed grave crimes. While each of the counties has a county jail, two of the counties have special institutions for offenders. Allegheny County has a Workhouse at Blawnox for men and women, and Philadelphia County has a House of Correction at Holmesburg for men and women. The Allegheny County Prison has a prison farm for men at Parkview adjoining the workhouse, and the County Prison of Philadelphia has a convict department for men at Holmesburg adjoining the House of Correction. In the City of Philadelphia the county prison has a department for the untried and short term prisoners, and a prison for women.

The Allegheny County Workhouse and the House of Correction provide work for prisoners committed to them; the majority of the county jails have no work for prisoners.

2. State penal institutions and reformatories for adults.

In addition to the local penal institutions for adults, there are State institutions. These consist of penitentiaries and reformatories. The penitentiaries are: Eastern State Penitentiary, Philadelphia, with its prison farm branch at Graterford (Montgomery County), Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh with its prison farm branch at

Rockview (Centre County); and the State Industrial Home for Women, Muncy. These institutions are for the "imprisonment at hard labor by separate or solitary confinement," of men or women, sentenced for any period not less than one year, but such prisoners may also be sentenced to counties authorized to receive convicts of this description. The reformatories are: Pennsylvania Industrial School, Huntingdon.¹ and the State Industrial Home for Women, Muncy.² Since commitment to the reformatories is in lieu of commitment to the penitentiaries, no sentence is for less than one year.

The reformatories have rather complete equipment for industrial and vocational training to fit prisoners for discharge or parole. The State prisons have a more limited equipment for industrial training to fit prisoners for discharge or parole. Industrial training in the State institutions is in charge of the State Department of Welfare, Harrisburg.

X. The Control of Sentence

The control of sentence by judges is affected by the so-called Ludlow Act ³. This act provides that a judge fixing sentence for a penitentiary offense may not make the minimum more than one-half the maximum. For example, in imposing a ten year maximum sentence the judge may fix the minimum sentence at 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 years. This also affects parole. The prisoner may not be paroled before the expiration of his minimum sentence, but may be paroled any time between his minimum and maximum sentence.

The control of sentence of prisoners sent to the county prisons is in the hands of the committing judges, because they exercise the power to parole. Following the decision in "Commonwealth vs. Renya", judges may parole prisoners properly committed to county prisons, even when the offense is an offense for which the prisoner may have been sent to one of the State penitentiaries.

XI. Private Institutions for Women

There are two types of private institutions for women and girls: (1) Institutions for women and girls presenting conduct or behavior problems such as the House of Good Shepherd, maintained by the Roman Catholic Church, to which the commitment of women may be made by the courts and from which they may be paroled by judges of the courts. (2) Institutions used as shelters for unmarried mothers and their children, such as the Florence Crittendon Homes, Salvation Army

¹Pennsylvania Industrial School, Huntingdon. Young men between the ages of sixteen and twenty-five years who are not known to have previously been sentenced to a penitentiary or State prison in Pennsylvania, or in any other state, are admitted on a general sentence not to exceed the maximum specified by the statute covering the crime.

² State Industrial Home for Women, Muncy. Girls and women over the age of sixteen are admitted on a general sentence without a fixed term. The duration of such imprisonment, including the time spent or parole, shall not exceed three years, except where the maximum term specified by law for the crime for which the prisoner was sentenced shall exceed that period, in which event such maximum term, including the time spent on parole shall be the limit of detention.

³ Act of June 29, 1923, P. L. 975.

⁴⁹¹ Super. 90.

Homes, rescue homes both Roman Catholic and Protestant. These institutions, however, are not for the commitment of women and girl offenders except for the special types of cases to which they minister. Adolescent girls are occasionally committed to these homes for protective care. Follow-up work is done by some of the institutions.

XII. Institutions for Delinquent Children in Pennsylvania

There are four types of institutions for delinquent children in Pennsylvania, State-owned, State-aided, county and private: (1) the State-owned training school for boys and girls, namely, the Pennsylvania Training School at Morganza; (2) the State-aided training schools, namely, Glen Mills School at Glen Mills, for boys; and Sleighton Farm School for Girls, Darling, Pa.; (3) the county institutions set up by various counties for training of delinquent children, namely, Boys' Home at Reading; Gumbert School for girls, at Pittsburgh; Luzerne County Industrial School for Boys, Kis-lyn; Thorn Hill School, at Warrendale, for boys; (4) the private institutions, such as the Philadelphia Protectory, Toner Institute, Harborcreek Training School for Boys, to which delinquent children are committed, and from which they may be paroled. Many of these institutions are educational institutions, equipped with elementary schools and providing vocational training.

XIII. Parole From Institutions for Delinquent Children

These institutions, whether State or county, parole on the basis of training. Parole is made through their own administrative officers. Committing judges also have the power to parole from them, although the general practice is to have the institution make the decision. The State institutions have parole officers and a number of county institutions also have their own parole officers or use the probation officers of the courts. When the administrators of these institutions discharge children on parole, the parole is made to the parole officer of the institution. Sometimes probation officers of the county to which the child is paroled, supervise the parolee. Some of the private institutions have their own parole officers; others use probation officers or interested individuals to supervise parolees.

XIV. State Department of Welfare

The State Department of Welfarc has general supervision over the Penal System of the State of Pennsylvania.

The Bureau of Restoration, in this Department, inspects lockups, jails, workhouses, houses of correction, reformatories and State prisons, and directly administers the prison labor in the State institutions. It has no control over the convict labor in the county institutions. This bureau also eollects data from courts and penal institutions, and compiles criminal statistics. It also arranges transfer of inmates from one penal institution to another, and advises in adult probation.

The Bureau of Children supervises institutions for children, detention homes, and child placing in private homes by probation officers and other agencies used by the courts, and also does advisory work with probation officers dealing with juvenile delinquents.

Bureau of Mental Health supervises all institutions and agencies caring for mental patients, commonly called the insane, mental defectives, epileptics and inebriates of all ages; supervises the Farview State Hospital for the criminal insane; makes psychiatric examinations of prisoners for the State Board of Pardons; examines prisoners at the request of wardens; and maintains clinics throughout the State for the diagnosis of mental disease and defect. These clinics are available for the use of judges, penal officials, probation and parole officers.

PART II

DIRECTORY OF

- Judges, probation and parole officers of Pennsylvania courts and of United States District courts.
- State administrative departments supervising penal institutions, children's institutions, and pardon and parole service.
- State-wide private agencies having delinquency programs.

Institutions for custodial and protective care.

Special hospitals and institutions for mental conditions.

Compiled

By

Ada L. Barnhurst, Assistant

County City	Judge, Pro Officer and J		Type of Cases	Expiration of Term
Adams Gettysb Part of 51st Dist.				
	ticular case)		directly to	beneticiary)
	Sheriff (acting as	Jail-keeper) John C. V	Wible	1936
-	Quarter Sessions	(Common Pleas Court)	
Allegheny Pittsbu	rgh President Judge	J. R. Macfarlane		1934
5th Dist.	Judges		Cr.	1942
		Ralph H. Smith	"	1934
		William H. McNaugher	r 66	1942
		Elder W. Marshall	44	1938
		Frank P. Patterson	44	1938
		James H. Gray	44	1942
		George V. Moore	46	1942
		John P. Egan	"	1942
		Ambrose B. Reid	44	1942
		Sylvester J. Snee	44	1942
		Harry H. Rowand	44	1934
		Samuel H. Gardner Thomas M. Marshall	46	$1942 \\ 1942$
	President Judge	H. Walton Mitchell Edward C. Chalfant	O. C.	1934 1940 1940
		Charles H. Austen, Ch Edward E. Fagan, Ass Mrs. Mae E. Dolan (6 officers)		
,	County Court	of Allegheny County		'
	President Judge	Richard A. Kennedy	N-s	1942
	Judges	Sara M. Soffel M. A. Musmanno Benj. Lencher	Cr.	1936 1942 1942 1934
		Frank A. Piekarski		1942
	Probation Officers	Grace L. Stoakes, Chie)1V1S10n
		J. Armor Downs, Asst. Mrs. Christine Prenton Information and Ad	r, Dir., ljustment De	ept.
		Camilla F. Barr, Dir., (42 officers) Augusta M. Grace, Sec. (12 officers) Robert L. Kinkaid, in Support Orders	Home-Findir retary, Non-	ng Dept. Support Div
	Mora	ls Court***		
		.Thomas D. Jones		

^{*}County seat. In every case the county seat is listed opposite the name of the county,—thus, Adams (County) Gettysburg (County seat).

**Judges terms expire first Monday of January of year given.

***The Mayor of Pittsburgh is authorized by a local ordinance to appoint as his deputy a layman to preside in what is known as the Morals Court, a specially created police court. This court is not a court of record. The presiding officer of this court is called a magistrate and hears cases of men and women arrested on charges of disorderly conduct, men arrested on charges of abuse of wife or family, women arrested for soliciting on the streets or arrested as immates of disorderly houses or bawdy houses, and children over 16 arrested by the police.

Attached to this court is a group of church and social service aides supplied by the Council of Churches, Y. M. C. A., Jewish Big Brothers, and the Catholic Charities. These workers take over cases referred by the magistrates at the time of the hearing.

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper		Type of Cases	Expiration of Term
		Allegheny County P	rison		
		WardenJohn McNe	il		- 0
		Allegheny County Worl	khouse*		
	Blawnoz	SuperintendentRobert H.	Braun		
		(Probation Officers of the C sions and Allegheny County act as Parole Officers for adv sentenced by these Courts a from the County Prison and W	Courts also ult prisoners and paroled		
	Kittanning	President Judge J. Frank G	raff		1942
33d Dist.		Probation Officer .B. L. Barnh Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper)		ıffer	1934
		(Arresting officers	act as Paro	de Officers)	
Beaver 36th Dist.	Beaver	Fred J. Rot (Welfare	Connel ckledge Hemphill Moore orarian) as Parole O h Worker, Co	,	1942 1936 *
		Warden Hamilton M	sioners) . Brown		1936
Bedford 57th Dist.	Bedford	President JudgeHarry C. Ja Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) (Also acts as Probation and cer except when a designated p pointed in a particular case)	David E. Cal Parole Offi-	houn .	1942 Jan. 7, 1936
Berks 23d Dist.	Reading	President JudgePaul N. Sch Judge	Jays I Shanaman I	N-s. Cr. Ch. N-s. Cr. N-s. Cr. O. C.***	1936 1938 1940 1938
			ck Inkelberger Inpp Interpretation I	Boys Non-support Non-support Men Men Men	¢
		WardenClifford D. I)		1000

^{*} The Allegheny County Workhouse has an arrangement with other counties for boarding prisoners sentenced by the courts of these counties. The paroling of these prisoners is in the hands of the judges of the counties sending the prisoners. The present arrangement includes all counties in the Western Judicial District of the Supreme Court.

^{**} N-s. collect.—is abbreviation for Non-support collections, or support orders; Cr. for Criminal; Ch. for Children.
*** O.C. is abbreviation for Orphans Court.

County	City	Judge, Proba Officer and Jail		Type of Cases	Expiration of Term
Blair Ho	ollidaysburg	President JudgeMardenM.	nrion D. Patterson J. Hamilton		1938
	Altoona	Probation Officers . Ma	ary G. Davis Altoona Trust Bldg.	Children	
		Ch	arles C. Marks	N-s. collect	
		P.	Mishler Bldg. A. Burket (Also act as Parole	Men, boys Officers)	
Bradford	Towanda	President JudgeCh Probation Officer .M:		Women, children	1938
12d Dist.	Sayre	Sheriff (acting as Jail Probation Officer . My	l-keeper) Howard L.	Bailey Women, child	Jan. 1936
	Troy		alia C. Wilson (Also act as Parole Officers)	Women, child (Support ore able directly t ary)	lers pay-
(For mo	en, a design	ated person is appoint Parole	ted in each particular Officer)	case as Prob	ation or
Bucks	Doylestown	President Judge H		All	1940
/th Dist.			ertrude Bright ntonio Russo (Also acts as county	All Women, child Men, N-s. coll	
		Sheriff (acting as Jai	ation or Parole Officer gnated person is ap-	•	1936
Butler ofth Dist.	Butler	e.		pstaff;	1934 s. collect
			l-keeper) Lawrence M	,	1934
Cambria 17th Dist.	Ebensburg	President JudgeJo JudgesIv		N-s. Cr. N-s. Cr.	1942 1940
2.54			harles C. Greer	J., N-s., Cr. O. C.	1942 1940
		Probation Officers . M	irs Lola M. Bennett 7. Mulhollen	Women, girls Mcn, boys N	-s collect
				as rarote onice	
Cameron Part of 25		President JudgeE Probation Officers .Jo A.		Children Adults	1934
To the st		Sheriff (acting as Ja	il-keeper) Frank G. 3	Judd	1934
	.)—is an al	obreviation for Volunte			•

^{* (}Vol.)—is an abbreviation for Volunteer.

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keep	er		piration of Term
Carbon Mar 56th Dist.	uch Chunk	Probation Officer . Willian President Judge . Chesley (Also acts as Parole Off Sheriff (acting as Jail-kee	A. Gall	Children, adults, collect nan Jan.	1940 N-s.
Centre 49th Dist	Bellefonte	Mazie 1	ilkinso n cer) 7. C. Thompson H. Brouse(Vol.)*	Women, children	1
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-kee	per) John M. Be	oob Ja	in. 1936
Chester We	st Chester	President JudgeJ. Fran Judge W. But Probation Officer . Debora 228 V	der Windle	All Children (Support order able directly to l ary)	
		WardenEdwin (For adults, a designat pointed in each particular or Parole Officer)	ed person is ap	J :	an. 1934
Clarion 18th Dist.	Clarion	President Judge Harry Probation OfficerD. E. F (Prot (Also acts as Parole Offi	Elliott (honotary)	Men, boys, N-s. when not payable directly to benefit	le
		Shcriff (acting as Jail-kee (For women and girls, son is appointed in each p Probation or Parole Office	a designated per articular case as	-	1934
Clearfield 46th Dist.	Clearfield	Post (Also	Anderson L. Torrance Office Bldg. acts as Parole Officer)	N-s. collect Adults, boys Children	1934
			e Bldg.		1934
Clinton Lo		President JudgeEugene Probation Officers .J. Harr Mrs. Ma (Also a	H. Baird ris Mussina arion A. Good ct as Parole Offi	Men, boys, N-s. o Women, girls	
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-kee	per) Jacob C. N	estlerode	1936
Columbia B Part of 26th Dist.	loomsburg Berwick	President JudgeCharles Probation OfficerMrs. He Sheriff (acting as Jail-kee	elen Holloway	Women, children bb Ja (Support order able directly to b ary)	n. 1934 s pay-

^{* (}Vol.)—is an abbreviation for Volunteer.

ounty	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper	Type of E	xpiration of Term
rawford art of 30t		President Judge O. Clare Kent Probation Officers . Helen C. Easterwood John L. Laley (Also act as Parole Offi	Children Men, boys	1938
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) J. L. Conne		1934
umberland h Dist.	l Carlisle	President Judge Fred S. Reese Probation Officer E. L. Adams (Also acts as Parole Officer)	Adults, children	1942 n
		SheriffLloyd A. Bender		1934
tuphin th Dist.	Harrisburg	President Judge William M. Hargest Judges Frank B. Wickersham John E. Fox Probation Officers . David D. Swavely	N-s., Cr. Ch., Cr., N-s. N-s., Cr. Men, boys	1942 1942 1942
		Alma E. Shutt Harry Fairchilds (Deputy Clerk of Court) (Also act as Parole Office	Children N-s _. collect	
		WardenFrancis H. Hoy, Jr.		fan. 1934
laware	Media	President Judge W. Roger Fronefield Judge John M. Broomall, 3rd Albert Dutton MacDade		1938 1938 1938
		President Judge John B. Hannum Probation Officers . Lewis Palmer, in charge Henry B. Barker, Asst. Neal T. Dougherty	O. C. Men, women	1942
	Chester	Warden Samuel E. Turner Probation Officers . Clara B. Gladwin Annie V. McKniff Sara A. Robinson	Children Children Children	
<u> </u>		(Probation Officers also act as Parole Of		
rt of 25t	Ridgway h Dist.	President Judge Eugene H. Baird Probation Officers . Major B. T. Bliss Leo A. Werner (Co. Det.)	Children N-s. collections	1934
		(Also act as Parole Offi Deputy Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Jo	cers) s. A. May	
Dist.	Erie	President Judge U. P. Rossiter Judge William E. Hirt President Judge J. Orin Waite Probation Officers .Harold P. Dundon Mrs. Roy Spencer	Ch., Cr., N-s Ch., Cr. O. C. Men, boys Women, girls	1936 1942 1942
		(Also act as Parole Of Leroy Search (County Detective)	ficers) N-s coll. (Som orders are pay rectly to benefi	vable di-
		WardenA. M. Hess		
l h Dist.	Uniontown	President JudgeThomas H. Hudson JudgesDavis W. Henderson President JudgeS. John Morrow Probation Officers .John W. Dawson T. W. W. Henderson George H. Krepps	Ch., Cr., N-s Ch., Cr., N-s Ch., Cr., N-s O. C. Men, boys, N-s. Men, boys	1938 1936 1936 1938 coll.
		Mary E. Drake (Also act as Parole Offi WardenWilliam M. Wilson	Women, girls cers)	31, 1936

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper		xpiratio of Teri
Forest Part of 37th		President JudgeD. U. Arird Probation OfficerD. H. Blum (C. Clerk) (vol.)* (Also acts as Parole O M. A. Carringer (Dist. Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Miner B.	Officer) Atty) N-s. collect	.1
FranklinChar 39th Dist.	mbersburg	President Judge Watson R. Davison Probation Officer Mary S. G. Buch (Also acts as Parole Officer) (For men, a designated person is ap pointed in each particular case as Proba tion or Parole Officer)	Women, children N-s. collect p-	198
Fulton McCor Part of 51st		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Lester H. g President JudgeDonald P. McPherson Probation Officer (A designated person i appointed in each particular case as P tion or Parole Officer)	is	193
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Roy M. Si	(Support orders able directly to ficiary) Sipes	
Greene Wa	ynesburg	President Judge Albert H. Sayers Probation Officers . James L. Meighan 25 South St. Ruth Weightman Opera House Bldg. Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) James M.	Men, boys Women, girls (Support orders directly to benewhite	
Huntingdon E	I untingdoi	nPresident Judge Thomas F. Bailey Probation Officer (Court appoints a State Police Officer in some cases as Probation Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Albert J. I (Also acts as Parole Officer)	(Support orders lected by Distr	198 s are co
Indiana 40th Dist.	Indiana	President JudgeJ. N. Langham Probation Officers .Mrs. Sue E. Williard W. H. Frank (Also acts as Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) A. Eugene	Children Men, boys, N-s. Wilson	195 coll.
Jefferson 1 54th Dist.	Brookville	President Judge William T. Darr Probation Officers .Mrs Bess C. Garner M. H. Milford (Vol.)* (Co. Detective) Henry Hilton (Vol.)* (Also Act as Parole O Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Joe C. Wil	Men, boys Officers)	19}
* (Vol.)-		Probation OfficerMrs. Emma Bowser bbreviation for Volunteer.	Children	

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper		piration of Term
uniata		President Judge James M. Barnett Probation Officer (A designated person is appointed in each particular case as Pro- bation or Parole Officer)		1940 1934
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) J. H. Clark		1901
ackawan 5th Dist.		Judges Will Leach William R. Lewis President Judge M. F. Sando Probation Officers . Sidney C. Hadsall Mrs. Helen Cruttenden Lucy D. Davis Mary H. Rinsland	Children Children (Outside of Scra	ections
	×	A. H. Fahringer (Vol.)* Chamber of Commerce Bldg. (Also act as Parole Offi Warden		
ancaster d Dist.	Lancaster	President Judge Benjamin C. Atlee JudgeO. S. Schaeffer President Judge Wm. Nevin Appel Probation Officers .Mrs. Jesse Barr (Ct. Officer) (Vol.)* 416 W. James St.	N-s. Cr., Ch. O. C. Women, girls	1942 1934 1940
		Warden		
awrence		Vivian Dunlap	All Men, boys Women, girls (Support orders directly to bene	
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Frank N. J	-	1934
iebanon 2d Dist.	Lebanon	President Judge Charles V. Henry Probation Officers .Mrs. Ray Weber (Vol.) Sec. Associated Chariti George T. Tucker (Co. Det.)	es Men, boys	1942
		Chief of Police Sealer (Vol.)* (Also act as Parole Officers) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Henry D.	Men, boys Shenk	1934
Lehigh 1st Dist		President Judge Claude T. Reno JudgeRichard W. lobst President Judge Ethan Allen Gearhart Probation Officers Louise A. Loisenring	Ch., Cr., N-s. Ch., Cr., N-s. O. C.	1934 1934 1942
		Probation Officers .Louise A. Leisenring Harry C. Weinert (Also act as Parole Off	Women, girls Men, boys, N-s icers)	. collect
	Warden Milton B. Schaadt	,	1936	

^{* (}Vol.)—is an abbreviation for Volunteer.

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County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper	Type of Cases	Expirate of Te
Luzerne W	ilkes-Barre	President JudgeWilliam S. McLean, Jr JudgesClarence D. Coughlin Benjamin R. Jones John S. Fine W. A. Valentine President JudgeE. Foster Heller	.Cr. Cr. Cr. Ch. N-s. Cr. Cr.	14 14 14 14 14
		Probation Officers . V. J. Jacox, Chief Mrs. Agnes A. Harding Helene Morgan Mary Mangan Jeanette Rhys	Men, boys, Women, gir	N-s.
	Hazleton	Warden William B. Healey Probation Officer Ethel May (Vol.)* Sec United Charities		
	Nanticoke Pittston	Probation Officer Ann Carmody (Vol.)* Probation Officers . Irma Curry 59½ S. Main St. Mrs. H. M. Remaly (Vol.) 59½ S. Main St.	ol.)*	
Lycoming V 29th Dist.	Villiamsport	President JudgeGeorge B. M. Metzger JudgeDon M. Larrabee Probation Officers .A. L. Pepperman (Public School Principa Mrs. A. L. Pepperman C. E. Whipple (Co.	Children	4
	·	Det.) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Clayton Mi	itstifer	13
McKean 48th Dist.	Smethport	President JudgeJoseph W. Bouton Probation OfficerH. J. Rice Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Fred T. I	Adults, N-s Ludwick	. collect
Mercer 35th Dist.	Mercer	President JudgeJames A. McLaughry Probation Officer .W. T. K. Thompson (Also acts as Parole Office, except when a designated person is appointed in a par ticular case) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Frank D. F	N-s. collec	
Mifflin 5	Lewistown	President JudgeWilliam W. Uttley Probation Officer .Edith McCartney	able directl	orders
		(Also acts as Probation and Parole		nen)
Monroe S	troudsburg	President Judge Samuel E. Shull Probation Officers . George D. Michaels		els &

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County City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper	Type of Cases	Expiration of Term
38th Dist.	President JudgeJ. Ambler Williams Judges		1934 1938 1940 1938
Montour Danville Part of 26th Dist.	President Judge Charles C. Evans Probation Officer . Mrs. Boone G. Vastine (Vol.)*	Women, child (Support ore able directly t	ders pay-
	(Also acts as Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Parvin Swe	• ,	1936
Northampton Easton 3d Dist.	President Judge Rusself C. Stewart Judges William M. McKeen Robert A. Stotz Probation Officer . Carrie E. Riddle 656 Ferry St. Stewart L. Houck 2126 Freemansburg	Cr. Ch. N-s. Cr. Children Men, boys N-s. collect.	1938 1936 1934
Bethlehem	Ave. (Also acts as Parole Of Warden	ficer) Children	
Northumberland Sunbury 8th Dist.	President JudgeCharles K. Morganroth Judge Edward Raker Probation Officer . Michael J. Halton (Also acts as Parole Officer) Warden Robert Minnick	All Children, adu N-s. collect.	1942 1942 Its,
Perry New Bloomfield Part of 41st Dist.	President Judge James M. Barnett Probation Officer (A designated person i appointed in each particular case as Pre tion or Parole Officer)	s oba-	1940
	Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Harry B. U	lsh	1936
Philadelphia Philadelphia 1st Dist.	Quarter Sessions (Common Pleas Court Common Pleas No. 1 President JudgeHarry S. McDevitt JudgesGeorge Gowen Parry Joseph L. Kun)	1934 1934 1938
	Common Pleas No. 2 President JudgeHorace Stern JudgesJames Gay Gordon, J Edwin O. Lewis	r	1942 1934 1934
	Common Pleas No. 3 President JudgeHoward A. Davis JudgesRaymond MacNeille Albert S. C. Miller		1942 1938 1938
* (Vol.)—is an ab	breviation for Volunteer.		

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper	Type of Cases	Expiratio of Teri
		Common Pleas No. 4		1
		President Judge Thomas D. Finletter		198
		JudgesFrancis Shunk Brown, Otto R. Heiligmau	Jr.	198 19 4
		Common Pleas No. 5		
		President Judge Frank Smith		198
		JudgesEugene V. Alessandron Robert E. Lamberton	i	198 194
		Probation Officers .E. M. Hackney, Chief, Robert H. Mullin, Asst. (3 officers)	Quarter Se Men	essions
		Mrs. A. H. Turner (Also act as Parole Off	Women ficers)	1
		Orphans' Court		- 1
		President JudgeJ. F. Lamorelle		19
		J. M. Gest		194
		George Henderson Lewis H. Van Dusen		194 198
		Allen M. Stearne		198
		Charles Sinkler		194
		Municipal Court of Philadelphia		
		President Judge Charles L. Brown	Children	193
		Associate Judges John E. Walsh		194
		Eugene C. Bonniwell William M. Lewis		191 191 -
		William Gray Knowles	š	198
		Thomas M. J. Regan		19
		Utley E. Crane		19
		Leopold C. Glass Thomas Bluett		198 198
		Vivian Frank Gable		19-
		Theodore Rosen		194
		*Probation Officers (Vacancy) Chief Bertha L. Freeman, in	charge Juve	nile Divisic
		(50 officers) Robert S. Brown, in ch		
•		Division and Deling (61 officers)		
		**Mrs. Alma M. MacF. Criminal Division (V (7 officers)		iarge,
		**Carroll Duggan, in c (Men)	harge, Crimi	nal Divisio
		(8 officers)		13
		**Carroll Duggan, in el Division (Men)	harge, Misde	emeanants'
		(12 officers) **Bertha L. Freeman,		,
		Division (Women)	Misc	demeanants
		(13 officers) Dr. J. Montgomery Bal		, edical Dep
		(9 nurses)	λ/1	edical Dep
		William F. Middleton,	Chief Accou	nt, Clerk
		Quarter Sessions at charge of collecting Domestic Relations a	nd Municipa support ord	l Courts i a ers made i
	_	the Municipal Court		

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^{*}Includes investigators and interviewers.
**Probation Officers for adults also act as Parole Officers.

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper		opiration of Term
Philadel	phia County	Prison—Atlantic Building		
1		Superintendent William B. Mills Medical Director .Frederick S. Baldi, M.	D.	
	Holmesbur	g—Men		
		Convict Department Warden(Vacancy) Deputy WardenJohn Bennett		
	Moyamensi	ng, 10th and Reed Streets-Men and Wo	men	
		Untried Department Convict Department Deputy WardenHoward Othoson Prison AgentJohn D. Recd		
House o	of Correction	, Holmesburg		
		(Under Department of Public Welfare, Ph	iladelphia)	
		Dr. Robert A. Schless, Chief, Bureau of Charities and Correction	f	
		(The Probation Officers of the Quarte Sessions and the Municipal Courts also ac as Parole Officers for adult prisoners sentenced by these Courts and paroled from the local Penal Institutions listed above.	t - n	
Pike Part of	Milford 43d Dist.	President Judge Samuel E. Shull Probation Officer (A designated person i appointed in each particular case as Probation or Parole Officer) Shoriff (action or Hall keeper) President	•	1940 1936
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Roswell C.	ramei	1990
Potter 55th Dis		President JudgeRobert R. Lewis Probation OfficerB. L. Van de Boe	Adults, children N-s. collect.	1942
		(Also acts as Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) B. L. Van	de Boe	1936
Schuylki 21st Dis		President JudgeRoy P. Hicks Judges	Ch., Cr., N-s. Ch., Cr., N-s. Ch., Cr., N-s. O. C. Men, boys	1938 1940 1942 1934
		Mrs. E. A. Mortimer (Also act as Parole Officers)	Women, girls (Support orderable directly to	
		Warden	ary)	1933
Snyder Part of	Middleburg	Probation Officer Charles W. Moyer	Children, adults	1942
4	Benfer	(Also acts as Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Carl E. Ru Probation Officer Boyd Fetterolf (Also acts as Parole Officer)	N-s. collect. inkle Children, adults N-s. collect.	1936

County	City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper		iratio Teri
Somerset 16th Dist.	Somerset	President JudgeNorman T. Boose Probation Officers .Mrs. Margaret Tedrow Austin D. Shaffer (Also act as Parole Off	nnder 14 Men. boys over 14	
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Clifford W.		193
Sullivan Part of 44th	Laporte n Dist.	President Judge Charles E. Terry Probation Officer (A designated person is appointed in a particular case, as Proba- tion or Parole Officer)		198
		Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Edward Me	ehan	193
Susquehanna 34th Dist.	Montrose	President Judge A. B. Smith Probation Officer . Miss M. E. Borthwick	(Vol.)* Children	198
		(State Nurse) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Fred H. Br (For men, and for children, also, a designated person is appointed in each particular case as Probation or Parole Officer)	-	193
Tioga Wellsbo		President JudgeHoward F. Marsh Probation Officers .Charles G. Webb (Dist. Atty.)	Men, boys, N-s. c when not payable directly to benefic Women, girls	2
		30 Central Ave. (Also act as Parole Off Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Frank C. C		193
Union I Part of 17th		President JudgeCurtis C. Lesher Probation Officer .Oscar Duck (Court Officer)	Children, adults N-s. collect.	194
		(Also acts as Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) Lester M. (rabb	193
Venango 28th Dist.	Franklin	President Judge Lee A. McCracken Probation Officers .E. M. Voorhies (Sheriff)	Men	195
	Oil City	C. M. Beatty (Co. Det.) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) E. M. Voorl Probation Officer . Ida M. Bookhammer (Also act as Parole Officers)		193
			(Support orders able directly to be ary)	pay enefic
Warren Part of 37th		President JudgeD. U. Arird Probation Officers .R. L. Ritchie (Sheriff) (Also acts as Parole Off L. C. Eddy (Atty.)	Men, boys icer) N-s, collect.	194
		L. C. Eddy (Atty.)		193

Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) R. L. Ritchie

County City	Judge, Probation Officer and Jail-keeper	Type of Expiration Cases of Term
Washington Washington 77th Dist.	President Judge James I. Brownson JudgesErwin Cummins Howard W. Hughes President Judge J. Boyd Crumrine Probation Officers .E. G. McGregor Dorothy R. Boyd Elizabeth Christman Mae B. Ecker (Probation Officers for adults also ac WardenDavid W. Creigh	Ch., Cr., N-s. 1940 Ch., Cr., N-s. 1934 Ch., Cr., N-s. 1940 O. C. 1934 Men, N-s. collect. Women, N-s., collect. Children Children t as Parole Officers) Jan. 1934
Wayne Honesdale 22d Dist.	President Judge Alfred E. Swoyer Probation Officer (A designated person in appointed in each particular case as Pro- bation or Parole Officer) Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) John A. Fe	0-
Westmorel'd Greensburg	President JudgeCharles D. Copeland Judges	Ch., Cr., N-s. 1940 Ch., Cr., N-s. 1942 Ch., Cr., N-s. 1934 O. C. 1942 Children Adults Officer)
Wyoming Tunkhannoo Part of 44th Dist.	*President JudgeCharles E. Terry Probation Officer .W. D. Sampson Sheriff (acting as Jail-keeper) W. H. Sh	Men, boys upp 1936
York York 9th Dist.	President JudgeHenry C. Niles Judge	
JUD	ICIAL DISTRICTS OF PENNSYI	LVANIA
Dist. District 1 Philadelphia 2 Lancaster 3 Northampton 4 Tioga 5 Allegheny 6 Erie 7 Bucks 8 Northumberland 9 Cumberland 10 Westmoreland 11 Luzerne 12 Dauphin 13 Greene 14 Fayette 15 Chester 16 Somerset 17 Union and Snyd 18 Clarion 19 York	20 Huntingdon 40 21 Schuylkill 41 22 Wayne 42 23 Berks 43 24 Blair 44 25 Clinton, Cameron, Elk 45 26 Columbia and Montour 46 27 Washington 47 28 Venango 48 29 Lycoming 49 30 Crawford 50 31 Lehigh 51 32 Delaware 52 33 Armstrong 53 34 Susquehanna 54 35 Mercer 55 er 36 Beaver 56 37 Warren and Forest 57	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS

Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Judges: Oliver B. Dickinson

William H. Kirkpatrick

George A. Welsh

Chief Probation Officer: William A. Mark, Post Office Building, Philadelphia.

John J. Rodgers, Jr.

Western District of Pennsylvania.

Judges: Robert M. Gibson

Frederick P. Schoonmaker

Nelson McVicar

Chief Probation Officer: George G. O'Brien, Post Office Bldg., Pittsburgh Pa. Charles C. Lacher

Note: Probation officers are appointed by civil service examinations in charge of Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

STATE ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS

(Dealing with Children's Institutions, Correctional Institutions, Probation, Parole, Pardons, etc.)

Department of Welfare, Harrisburg, Mrs. I. Albert Liveright, Secretary

Bureau of Restoration, Dr. B. L. Scott, Director

Bureau of Children, Mary S. Labaree, Director

Bureau of Mental Health, Dr. William C. Sandy, Director

Department of Justice, Harrisburg

Board of Pardons, Parole Supervision. (See p. 11.)

WORK WITH PAROLEES FROM STATE PENITENTIARIES

Department of Justice, Board of Pardons, Parole Supervision

Supervisor of Paroles Courtland Butler

Chief Field Agent Joseph F. Ursenbach

Offices—Room 425 Capitol, Harrisburg, Pa.

Supervises all parolees from the State penitentiaries.

District Office No. 1—1202 Market St., National Bank Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: George J. Hines (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agents: Harold L. Brown, Clinton Butler, Joseph E. Coan, Sol Getzow, Paul H. Leinbach, William G. Love, William T. Schellinger, Henry R. Smith.

Counties embraced by District Office: Berks, Bucks, Chester, Dela-

ware, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia.

District Office No. 2—607 Grant Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: Theodor W. Broecker (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agents: John M. Burgin, Joseph C. Catalano, Louis W. Kolakoski, Meyer B. Louick, Harvey B. Shaw, Sidney G. Willar.

Counties embraced by District Office: Allegheny, Beaver, Cambria, Fayette, Greene, Indiana, Somerset, Washington, Westmoreland.

District Office No. 3-106 E. Market Street, York, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: William J. Cook (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agents: Paul E. Towsen, George J. Weaver.

Counties embraced by District Office: Adams, Bedford, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Mifflin, Perry, Snyder, York.

District Office No. 4-808 Hollenback Coal Exchange Building, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: Robert E. Rahm (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agents: Augustus O. Lutes, Aaron S. Powell.

Counties embraced by District Office: Bradford, Carbon, Columbia, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuylkill, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne, Wyoming.

District Office No. 5-Post Office Bldg., N. Spring St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: William R. Long (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agent: Harvey E. Huff.

Counties embraced by District Office: Blair, Cameron, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Lycoming, McKean, Potter, Tioga, Union.

District Office No. 6—1315 Erie Trust Bldg., Erie, Pa.

Senior Field Agent: Andrew P. Abt (Officer in charge)

Junior Field Agent: Ray A. Klick.

Counties embraced by District Office: Armstrong, Butler, Clarion, Crawford, Erie, Forest, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, Venango, Warren.

STATE-WIDE PRIVATE AGENCIES

Having Delinquency Programs

Pennsylvania Prison Society.

Exec. Secretary, Albert G. Fraser, Room 201, 311 South Juniper

St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Study and improvement of prison personnel, discipline, prison building, and police methods; promotion of prison visiting and voluntary defender movement; assistance to released and paroled prisoners through the case work method. Case Workers-3

Pennsylvania Committee on Penal Affairs of the Public Charities Association

Secretary and Director of Research, Leon Stern, Room 608, 311

South Juniper St., Philadelphia

For the advancement of effective and scientific methods of crime prevention and the individualized treatment of juvenile and adult delinquency. Acts as a center of information, and offers a research and advisory service to judges, probation and parole officers, penal and correctional administrators, school authorities, public and private social agencies.

Western Branch, Secretary, Curtis A. Williams, Room 620, 239 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh

CUSTODIAL CARE FOR ADULT DELINQUENTS

State Institutions:

Eastern State Penitentiary, Philadelphia and Graterford*
Warden, Herbert Smith, Philadelphia.
Chief Parole Officer, Frank Tucker (4 officers)
Psychologist, J. D. Shearer.
Educational Director, Clarence E. Heddon
Deputy Warden, Elmer Leitheiser, Graterford.

Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

Warden, Stanley P. Ashe
Parole Officers, J. C. Coulter, Box A, N. S. Station.

Wm. E. Gaffney, Box A, N. S. Station.

Educational Director, A. N. Dunsmore, Box A, N. S. Station.

Psychologist, G. I. Giardini, Box A, N. S. Station.

Western State Penitentiary, Rockview, Centre County. Supt., J. W. Claudy
Parole Officer, J. C. Coulter, Pittsburgh

Pennsylvania Industrial School, Huntingdon, Huntingdon County. Supt., John R. Cranor Parole Officer, Frederic M. Dean.

State Industrial Home for Women, Muncy, Lycoming County.

Supt., Franklin R. Wilson
Parole Officers, Leola F. Curtin, Muncy.

Margaret E. Oerter, 2045 Cherry St., Philadelphia.

Federal Institution:

United States Northeastern Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Mifflin County Warden, H. C. Hill
Deputy Warden, Walter A. Hunter
Parole Adviser, Myrl E. Alexander

Private Institutions:

Houses of Good Shepherd: (Roman Catholic.) Girls, 14 years and upward except in Pittsburgh where the minimum age is 12. Schuylkill Avenue and Windsor Street, Reading 35th and Fairmount Avenue, Philadelphia (White girls) Penn and Chew St., Germantown, Phila. (Colored girls) 1615 Lowrie Street, Troy Hill, Pittsburgh Clarks Summit, Laekawanna County

^{*}Montgomery County.

CUSTODIAL CARE FOR PROBLEM AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN

State and State-aided Institutions:

The Glen Mills School, Glen Mills, Delaware County

Supt., Major H. B. Hickman

Parole Officers:

I. W. Swinehart, Visiting Agent, Glen Mills George G. Jeffries, District Agent, Glen Mills

John H. Kelson, District Agent, 1127 Snyder Avenue, Scranton

J. Harry Messersmith, District Agent, 604 Briggs St., Harrisburg

Jacob W. Zang, District Agent, New Columbia

Charles J. Bennett, District Agent, 3602 Hamilton St., Philadelphia

Thomas J. Magee, District Agent, 5801 Chew St., Philadelphia

Sleighton Farm School for Girls, Darlington (R. R. Station), Darling, P. O., Delaware County

Supt., Emily F. Morrison

Director of Parole, Ruth Browne, 604 Commonwealth Bldg., Philadelphia

Parole Officers:

Frances O. Bishop Hazel L. Hampton Coe L. Walter

Pennsylvania Training School, Morganza, Washington County Supt., W. Frank Penn

Parole Officers:

A. M. Snyder, Director of Parole, Morganza Anna M. Potter, Investigator, Morganza Marguerite A. Snyder (Mrs.), Investigator, Morganza Mary Considine (Mrs.), Investigator, Morganza Walter W. Perkins, Investigator, Morganza

County Institutions:

Boys' Home, 821 Schuylkill Avenue, Reading, Berks County Supt., Frank Miller

Probation officers of the Juvenile Court act as Parole Officers.

Gumbert Industrial School for Girls, Third Degree Road, Perrysville, Pa.

Supt., Nellore M. Concklin

Parole Officer, Margaret Hollar O'Brien

Luzerne County Industrial School for Boys, Kis-Lyn, Luzerne
County

Supt., Charles F. Johnson

Thorn Hill School (Boys), Warrendale, Allegheny County Supt., D. L. Rees

Probation officers of the Juvenile Court act as Parole Officers.

Private Institutions:

Boys:

Elmwood Home, North Springfield, Erie County

Philadelphia Protectory, Phoenixville, Montgomery County (Roman Catholic)

*Rotary Home for Boys, Lancaster, Lancaster County

**Toner Institute and Seraphic Home, Castlegate Avenue, South Pittsburgh, Allegheny County (Roman Hills Branch, Catholic)

The Harborcreek Training School for Boys, Harborcreek, Pa. (Roman Catholic)

GIRLS:

Beulah Anchorage, Reading, Berks County

***Girls' Service Club, 811 Fulton Bldg., Pittsburgh

*Lancaster Shelter Home for Girls, Lititz Pike, Lancaster Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Montgomery County (Roman Catholic)

BOYS AND GIRLS:

George Junior Republic of Western Pennsylvania, Grove City, Mercer County

^{*}Children received only from county in which institution is located.
**Dependent and "mildly delinquent" boys received.
***Adolescent problem girls received, but not delinquents.

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINICS AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS FOR THE STUDY AND TREATMENT OF BEHAVIOR PROBLEM CHILDREN

Child Guidance Clinics:

Pittsburgh Child Guidance Center, Inc., 3604 Victoria St. Director, Dr. George J. Mohr

Philadelphia Child Guidance Clinic, 1711 Fitzwater St. *Director*, Dr. Frederick H. Allen

Special Schools:

Children's Institute of the Allentown State Hospital Director, Dr. Henry I. Klopp

*Franklin School of the Institute of the Pennsylvania Hospital, 111 N. 49th Street, Philadelphia Director, Dr. Earl D. Bond

PROTECTIVE CARE IN INSTITUTIONS (Unmarried Mothers and Their Children)

Christian Home for Women, 1423 Liverpool Street, N. S., Pittsburgh Florence Crittenton Homes:

501 Holland St., Erie 535 S Aiken Ave., Pittsburgh 6323 Burbridge St., Germantown, 673 Campbell St., Williams-port 56 W. Union St., Wilkes-Barre

The Gables (Temporary Shelter), 6th & Main Sts., Upland, Delaware County

Hebrew Sheltering Home, Wissahickon Ave. and School Lane, Phila.

Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital (Roman Catholic) Cliff and Manilla Streets, Pittsburgh

St. Joseph's Children's and Maternity Hospital (Roman Catholic), 2010 Adams Avenue, Scranton

St. Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital (Roman Catholic), 70th and Woodland Avenue, Philadelphia

Salvation Army Homes:

5415 Lansdowne Avenue, Philadelphia

108 Meade Avenue, Bellevue Branch, Pittsburgh

Sheltering Arms, R. 407, 311 South Juniper Street, Philadelphia

Zoar Home for Mothers, Allison Park, Allegheny County

Home for Unmarried Mothers (Colored), 1510 Catherine Street, Philadelphia

^{*}Normally intelligent children.

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR JUVENILE DETENTION IN PENNSYLVANIA

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Allegheny	PittsburghJuvenile Detention Home (3336 Fifth Avenue
Beaver	Beaver Detention rooms (Probation Dept., basemen
	Court House)
	Reading Beulah Anchorage* (girls)
Blair	Altoona House of Detention
Bradford	Towanda Children's County Home
Centre	Bellefonte House of Detention
Chester	West Chester House of Detention
Columbia	Bloomsburg Detention rooms, City Hall
	CarlisleRoom in County Home
	Paxtang
Delaware	ChesterJuvenile Court Home
Erie	ErieHouse of Detention
Indiana	Indiana Children's County Home
	Scranton House of Detention
Lancaster	Lancaster Rotary Boys' Home*; Girls' Home*
Lawrence	New Castle House of Detention
	Allentown Detention Room
Montgomery	Norristown House of Detention
	Easton House of Detention
Philadelphia	Philadelphia House of Detention (22d and Arch Streets
	Pottsville House of Detention (rear of jail)
	Somerset House of Detention
Susquehanna	Montrose County Home
	WellsboroRoom in County Home
	Washington House of Detention
	Greensburg Detention Rooms (Salvation Army)*
	York Detention Rooms

A D I*D

City

County

^{*} Private institutions used for detention of children awaiting hearing.

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS FOR MENTAL DEFECTIVES. INSANE AND EPILEPTICS

Criminal Insane

State Institution

Superintendent

Farview State Hospital

Waymart, (Wayne Co.) Clark Holbrook, M.D.

Defective Delinquents (Male)

State Institution

Cumberland Valley State Insti-

tution for Mental Defectives, New Cumberland

(N. B. authorized but no appropriation as yet for

building.)

Mental Defectives

State Institutions

Laurelton State Village Pennhurst State School Polk State School

Laurelton Pennhurst Polk

Dr. Mary M. Wolfe Dr. Albert H. Super Dr. Harvey M. Watkins

Private Institutions

Elwyn Training School

Elwvn

Dr. E. A. Whitney

Institutions for Mental Diseases

State Hospitals

Alleutown State Hospital Danville State Hospital **Dixmont Hospital Farview State Hospital Harrisburg State Hospital Norristown State Hospital Torrance State Hospital Warren State Hospital Wernersville State Hospital

Allentown Danville Dixmont Waymart Harrisburg Norristown Torrance Warren Wernersville

Dr. Henry 1. Klopp Dr. J. Allen Jackson Dr. H. A. Hutchinson Dr. Clark Holbrook Dr. E. M. Green Dr. S. M. Miller Dr. C. R. McKinniss Dr. H. W. Mitchell Dr. R. L. Hill

County Hospitals

Allegheny County Hospital Blair County Hospital Blakely Home Chester County Hospital Hillside Home Lancaster County Hospital Mercer County Hospital Philadelphia Hospital Pittsburgh City Home & Hosp.
Ransom Mental Hospital
Retreat Mental Hospital
Retreat Schuylkill County Hospital Somerset County Hospital

Woodville Hollidaysburg Olyphant (Lack, Co.) Embrceville Clark's Summit (Lack. Co.) Dr. T. A. Rutherford Lancaster Mercer Byberry, Philadelphia

Ransom (Lack. Co.) Retreat (Luz. Co.) Schuylkill Haven Somerset

Dr. G. A. McCracken Dr. H. J. Sommer Dr. E. R. Simpson, Med.Dir. Dr. A. W. Gottschall Dr. J. L. Ressler, Med.Dir. Mr. T. C. White

Dr. J. S. Hammers Dr. G. B. Angle. Med.Dir. Dr. G. T. Baskett Dr. W. G. Bowers Dr. Asa L. Hickok

Dr. James P. Sands

Institutions for Epileptics

State Institutions

Selinsgrove State Colony for

Epileptics,

Selinsgrove (Snyder Co.)

Dr. C. A. Marsh

Private Institutions

Passavant Memorial Home Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital Oakbourne

Rochester

Rev. T. W. Kohler Dr. J. Clifford Scott

Note: State Clinics: Information concerning Mental Health Clinics may be obtained from the Burcau of Mental Health, Department of Welfare, Harrisburg.

**Private, state aided—not state owned.

^{*}The State institutions for mental defectives may be used for delinquents who are too low grade mentally for commitment to an institution for delinquents,

